

Minnesota Community Corrections Association

Pregnant Offenders Go To CAMP

Our growing awareness of the needs of incarcerated mothers has prompted a collaborative effort between three agencies: MCF-Shakopee; Genesis II, an intensive day treatment program for women in conflict with the law; and Reentry Metro, a residential program for women offenders.

Community Alternative for Mothers in Prison (CAMP) seeks to address the needs of women incarcerated at Shakopee prison who deliver babies during their incarceration. Currently, women who deliver while incarcerated remain in prison for the remainder of their sentence. The newborn infants are taken from the hospital and placed in foster care or with relatives until the mother is released.



Reentry Metro Resident holds her baby in the Program nursery

CAMP is based on the principals that 1) A child's early months and years are critical to its development, 2) Separation of a child from its mother constitutes a serious deprivation, and 3) The role of the biological mother is valued and crucial.

These mothers and children are among the neediest citizens in Minnesota — economically, educationally, and psychologically. The incarcerated, pregnant mother is in special crisis as she anticipates the imminent loss of her baby who is placed in the custody of a caregiver immediately after delivery. Since the caregiver probably will not remain the infant's primary caretaker, the infant must twice undergo traumatic transitions in caregivers. The community assumes the burden of foster care and AFDC payments for the care of the infant during the mothers imprisonment. Additionally, the mother who eventually returns to the community to secure housing, employment and other resources must, at the same time, assume full time responsibility for an infant with whom she has had limited contact.

This program responds to the issues of mother/child relationship, positive learning experiences for the mothers in the areas of parenting and independent living skills, a smooth transition to community living and most important, continuity of care for the infant. The project will enhance the prison's effectiveness in addressing the needs of pregnant, incarcerated women in order to increase the potential for mothers and

CAMP... Continued on page 6

Counties Divert Women

Over the past year, the Department of Corrections has funded two jail diversion projects: one in Brainerd and the other in Crookston, MN. The purpose of the jail diversion programs is to provide services to women offenders in small rural communities by permitting them to remain in the community as an alternative to serving jail time.

In Brainerd, women offenders from six counties serve their time at the battered women's shelter, (The Mid-Minnesota Women's Center, Inc.) as an alternative to the Crow Wing County Jail. This demonstration grant pays per diem costs to the shelter. When a woman arrives, she is required to sign a contract which is individualized according to the conditions of her offense and sentence. The women offenders are paid minimum wage for working in the house on various projects that otherwise might not get done (i.e., one woman painted the basement floor and walls);

others are released to work under the Huber law. The women offenders attend all support groups offered by the program. They are permitted liberal visitation with their children, but the children cannot live at the shelter (occasional overnights are arranged). Although providing emergency housing for battered women is the first priority for the shelter, the program permits women offenders to remain in the community where they have support and visitation with their children.

A recent self-evaluation indicated that the staff at the shelter were pleased with the program as were the correctional personnel. All of the JDP participants interviewed made positive comments about the program with the exception of one woman who lived very far away and whose children were unable to visit. There have been no community objections to the program.

The other project, called the Tri-County Female Diversion

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People Happenings

Jill Rieger, previously shift supervisor at Reentry Metro, has been promoted to a case management position. Jill will not only be responsible for case management, but will also develop a data collection system and will act as resource coordinator for the agency.

A belated notice on **Bob Faas**, who for the past 14 years had been a Hennepin County Court psychologist. Bob was well-known for his diagnostic workups on physically and sexually assaultive offenders. In addition, he was known as a program consultant for Project Elan, Alpha House, Nexus, Domestic Abuse Project (DAP) and Midway Hospital's program for domestic abuse. Bob currently has a thriving private practice. In addition to acting as a program consultant with the St. John Hospital's Pathfinder program for sexually assaultive offenders and the Hawthorne Institute in Cottage Grove, Bob accepts referrals for private practice at 724-9179.

Pam Mindt has joined the staff of Alpha House as a case manager therapist, replacing Richard Draeger. Pam, who has her MSW from the University of Nebraska, previously was employed by the Nebraska DOC, ending her employment with them as the director of their in-patient sex offender treatment program. More recently, Pam was the treatment coordinator at the Anoka County Juvenile Center. Pam is also a 1st Lieutenant in the MN National Guard, attached to a hospital unit.

Richard Draeger, M.A., License Psychologist, has left his full time position as the primary therapist at Alpha House and has begun a private practice with the MN Psychotherapy and Consultative Services, St. Paul, a clinic that specializes in working with youthful sex offenders, victims and abusive families. Richard continues to lead an out-patient group at Alpha's new and expanded out-patient facility. Richard's new phone number is 645-1923.

IS THERE LIFE AFTER CORRECTIONS? Retired Hennepin County P.O.s **Bob Leach** and **Reed Vinge** seem to think so. Bob is currently in the midst of a two-month vacation in Australia and Reed is in heaven, or so he thinks, because with the advent of Spring he's golfing every day. Their former cohort, **Ed Wheeler**, has just returned from the Winter Olympics in Calgary and now intends to give up the sedentary pursuits of dog sledding and gliding to ski in "senior" biathalon meets. Keep it up, it gives the rest of us something to look forward to.

MAWCJ Conference

Board members of MAWCJ (Minnesota Association of Women in Criminal Justice) met at a lodge north of Brainerd on March 18, 1988, to discuss future planning and board development. Agenda items also included planning for the summer conference which will be held on Thursday, August 11, 1988. The theme for the conference is "The Abused Offender: We Know What's Criminal...What's Justice?" The focus of the conference will be accountability and healing. More information will be included in the next **Happenings**.

MCA Conference

The Minnesota Corrections Association's 55th Annual Fall Conference is scheduled for October 5, 6, and 7, 1988. The conference will include approximately 45 workshops, 5 seminars and one general session. Judge James Ferris will be featured as the Thursday Keynote Speaker. His topic will be "Humor in Corrections."

If you have any questions, please contact Carole Smith at 612-778-1851.

The Community Is Back In Corrections

The theme, "COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS IS COMMUNITY SAFETY" inspired the participants of the recent conference held March 6-9 in San Francisco, sponsored by the International Halfway House Association and the American Probation and Parole Association. The conference drew participants from all sectors of the criminal justice system. Keynote speakers, which included J. Michael Quinlan, Director, Federal Bureau of Prisons, and Todd Clear, School of Criminal Justice, Rutgers University, agreed the need for more community resources has never been greater. Prison overcrowding, rising crime rates, and changes in sentencing practices have resulted in an overload of offenders in the system. The costs incurred building new prisons and jails are becoming prohibitive. The pressure is intense to explore other alternatives offered by the private sector. There are several for-profit national, private organizations making their presence felt on the correctional scene, which could prove to be a threat to the nonprofits that have dominated the community field for decades.

The most exciting piece of news, as far as I was concerned, was that there is now a national movement back to rehabilitation. A recent national study revealed that the average American believes that we in the criminal justice system are rehabilitating offenders. They want to believe that convicted felons are coming back to the streets with their values changed, ready to join society as productive citizens. I have a concern that we have not been accomplishing this goal with most of our offenders. Instead, we have been in a punishment mode, believing in the theory that rehabilitation does not work. I hold that rehabilitation of offenders can work if not applied on a wide-scale basis. Why not set up a unified strategy that will identify good prospects, divert them from the punishment side of our system, and apply rehabilitation practices? In addition, can we do more with the harder-core offender to enhance the rehabilitative process? Minnesota has long been thought of as the leader in programming for the offender. I challenge us to keep that first place by increasing both the amount and quality of our community and institutional alternatives.

-Bruce Clendenen

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We Want You to Know



By Laura Sissala, MCCA President

I feel unsure what's required or needed in this space, this letter from your President. Rod Johnson, past president did such a wonderful job, yet I am unsure what is needed here.

What I want, somewhere, is a spot to "fire you up" to get each of you involved, to have MCCA be an organization truly reflecting its membership and also meeting the memberships' needs for training, information and community support.

Much is possible this year: we'll elect a new president, some governmental shifting will be seen, and Judicial questions such as constitutionality of sentencing guidelines will be debated. Throughout these and other issues, MCCA will strive to inform and encourage active debate amongst you and actively share our conclusions with those at the center of the debates.

In the end, this organization is comprised of many "yous". Please make sure that we are providing what you expect, because I expect you to be vocal.

MINNESOTA COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS ASSOCIATION
666 Marshall Avenue
St. Paul, MN. 55104

NAME: _____

PROGRAM AGENCY: _____

WORK ROLE: _____

WORK PHONE: _____

ADDRESS: _____

ADDRESS SHOWN IS:

_____ HOME	INDIVIDUAL MEMBERSHIP	_____ \$15
_____ WORK	PROGRAM MEMBERSHIP	_____ \$120
	STUDENT/VOLUNTEER MEMBERSHIP	_____ \$10

MAKE CHECKS PAYABLE TO MCCA

New Director Sees Changes in Hennepin Co. Probation

Effective January, 1988, David Gair became the director of Hennepin County's Felony Probation staff. Dave's promotion was another in a long list of changes in the unit, which had previously been noted for its stability and lengthy staff tenure. As an example, Will Botko had previously ruled the roost for 25 years. Dave takes the reins at a time when our caseloads and Pre-



Photo by Ann Seebach

Sentence Investigation referrals are 30% above that of three years ago and when our staff numbers two less than it did in 1976. This is also a time in which Court and Field Services has been reorganized under a new and enlarged administrative team.

Dave, 48, brings to the task 17 years of probation experience, including eight years as a line staff P.O. and nine years as the supervisor of our Pre-Trial Unit. Prior to his entering corrections, Dave was a diocesan priest in Minneapolis for five years. As a P.O., Dave was active in community corrections and served on the Boards of Portland House, Icarus and

Prodigal House. As a supervisor, Dave earned a reputation as the "house expert" on the mysteries of the Sentencing Guidelines and he continues to attend their hearings as a friend of the line staff who carry out their rulings.

Dave sees the system as changing from one that was previously focused on rehabilitation, direct service and treatment to one where the focus is now one of "just desserts," as exemplified by Minnesota's determinate Sentencing Guidelines. Side by side with this evolutionary process, Dave sees another process at work that will also have an equally powerful effect on community corrections. This phenomenon, as we know, is that of the "budget crunch." As a pragmatist, Dave feels administrators will need to assume a proactive stance while reacting with discernment to effectively deploy limited staff against the ever rising demand. According to Dave, we "can no longer presume the luxurious posture of the '70's to run the business of the '80's and the '90's." However, he sees a continuing strong role for community corrections programs in an era when probation staff continue the trend of being "brokers" who increasingly rely on our community programs to provide direct services.

Dave foresees an era where hard decisions will need to be made by both line staff and administrators so that we can effectively use our limited resources for the greatest good. He is, however, the right man for the times, being a good-hearted hardnose. MCCA wishes Dave Gair the best in the years to come.

-Pete Batterman

Wilder Custody and Visitation Dispute Program

The Wilder Community Assistance Program, in conjunction with the Wilder Child Guidance Clinic, is offering a program designed to assist families who are involved in difficult custody and visitation disputes. These families have often exhausted all other available resources. They are characterized by prolonged and intense conflicts which result in increased risk for physical, social emotional and economic problems.

The program consists of separate men's and women's groups, meeting one time per week for two hours, and children's groups meeting once a week for one and one-half hours. All groups meet for a total of twelve weeks. Individual sessions complement the group process and parents are given the opportunity to meet together post-group when appropriate.

Adult groups offer support through separation and divorce, grief and loss issues, and allow parents to disengage conflict so that they may act in the best interests of their children.

Children's groups allow children to share common experiences and emphasize improved problem-solving skills related to separation and divorce, healthy expression of feelings and enhanced self-esteem.

Clients are reporting satisfaction with the program. Both men and women feel that their communication with the other parent has become more assertive and less controlling. Many state that they now feel less alone and less angry, that they are learning to deal with grief and that they have increase self-confidence. Clients also feel that they have gained a better understanding of their children's needs and that they are learning to keep them out of the middle.

For referrals, further information, or to offer suggestions about the program, please contact Mary Montgomery, Coordinator, Custody and Visitation Dispute Program, 221-0048.

Women... Continued from page 1

Program is located in Crookston, MN. In this program, women who are sentenced to incarceration serve their first five to ten days at the Regional Corrections Center where they undergo assessment, including a physical exam, educational/vocational assessment and a social history. A case manager helps them develop a treatment or goal plan. A contract outlining the conditions, regulations, and specific objectives is signed by the client, the case manager and the sentencing court. The woman is then released to her home. The

case manager makes a home visit weekly to ensure that the woman offender is following through on her goals. The women are required to attend one monthly group meeting at which child care is provided. Recently, the program sponsored a retreat which was voluntary and focused on self-esteem.

Although the two pilot programs have been in existence for about a year and have been successful in many ways, the Department of Corrections' funds are running out and the subsidy will end in October, 1988.

Welfare Reform Ramsey County Style

In 1986, Governor Perpich appointed a commission to study and recommend changes in the AFDC welfare program. Concurrently, the Minnesota Legislature and Ramsey County Human Services were studying the same problem. All three groups reported nearly identical findings and recommendations. A unanimous key finding could best be summarized in the Governor's Commission recommendation:

"In order to enable poor families to become self-sufficient, programs must recognize the underlying importance of improving parents' self-esteem and determination to overcome the significant problems of poverty. Resolving the complex problems associated with strengthening poor families and individuals in Minnesota will require significant efforts by clients themselves, by the state working in partnership with philanthropic and independent sectors."

The 1987 session of the Legislature originally intended to enact nearly all of the recommendations of the Governor's Commission. However, leaders of both houses concluded that their constituencies would not support the increased taxes necessary to support the comprehensive services that all three reports strongly recommended. The bill finally passed containing adequate (but hardly lavish) funding for several essential services:

- Minimum funding for recruitment and orientation of program participants
- Employment and training services (supplemented by other state and federal resources)
- Limited case management
- Day care for participants' children
- Extended medical assistance

The supportive services that advocates of reforming the AFDC program agree are vital to providing an opportunity for younger recipients to achieve some success in society were left out of this bill.

Each county is now developing their version of welfare reform under the guidelines of the state plan. The program is being called PATHS (Priority Access to Human Services). The PATHS program, as envisioned by the legislature, is a collection of services funded through new and ongoing categorical monies. The majority of services anticipated to be pro-

vided to the voluntary participants in PATHS from the priority groups will include referral to vocational counseling, Basic Skills and Adult Basic Education Program, high school completion or attainment of a GED, referral to post-secondary educational institutions, child care, transportation, incidental training-related costs, subsidized work experience, on-the-job training, job seeking and keeping skills training, job club and placement. These services will be provided from a combination of funding sources including: PATHS; the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA); the Minnesota Economic Employment Development (MEED) Program; the County; Community Social Services Act (CSSA); the Department of Education; and the Higher Education Coordinating Board (HECB).

Based on the recommendations of the Governor's Welfare Reform Commission and experience of the local service unit agencies in working with this population, the basic PATHS services should help caretakers obtain their goals. However, it is essential that supplemental supportive services aimed at improving participants' self-esteem, strengthening their families, and removing the other barriers to participation in the core program be provided in order for caretakers to truly become self-sufficient in the future. Such a program called PATHS PLUS is being developed in Ramsey County.

The goal of the 1987 Welfare Reform Act is to return AFDC to a short-term program, not a program providing a 10 or 15-year survival income to families. To meet that goal and still operate a humane and caring program which assists families to become self-sufficient, additional creative services are needed that facilitate access to natural helping systems and/or professional human services. Currently, many AFDC recipients face long-term dependency on public assistance because of interrelated personal and family problems. The new welfare reform contains no funds to address the problems of domestic violence, inadequate parenting, low self-esteem, lack of self-sufficient role models, inadequate social skills, and other issues which reduce family stability and provide an environment for another generation's welfare dependence. No single organiza-

tion can deliver all the services needed to produce a climate which encourage productive change in the lives of AFDC recipients. However, such a climate can be produced through a collaborative effort of those public and private organizations which have a long history of services to low-income persons.

PATHS PLUS provides a four-year collaborative venture between Ramsey County Human Services, Ramsey County Job Training, the City of St. Paul Job Creation and Training, the McKnight Foundation, and the Wilder Foundation that will provide a county-wide set of supplemental individual, family and community support services which will enable single and two-parent families on AFDC to work their way toward self-sufficiency.

In addition to the education, training and employment goals addressed by the basic PATHS program, PATHS PLUS will:

- Reach persons who would not normally volunteer for participation in a welfare reform program, through specialized outreach and orientation;

- Provide a comprehensive team management process that addresses personal, social, psychological and family barriers to self-sufficiency;

- Incorporate the natural systems of mutual help support groups and volunteer befrienders to reinforce long-term commitment to self-sufficiency;

- Provide an accessible "single site" package of services designed to help individuals address personal or family barriers to self-sufficiency;

- Facilitate the use of community-based human service providers as needed to enable persons to become self-sufficient;

- Formally evaluate the impact of this supplemental component of service for the purpose of demonstrating its effectiveness and providing state and national policy makers valuable information on which to base future welfare reform decisions. PATHS PLUS will include the following components:

1. Recruitment and Orientation: It is estimated that there will be more than 5,600 Ramsey County AFDC recipients from which to recruit 1,500 volunteer

Up and Running In 90 Days

"If someone had told me a year ago that I could be automated in 90 days, and be able to put on so much meaningful and useful data in 12 months, I would have called them crazy." This is Reentry's Executive Director, Dick Williams', initial statement as he looks back on the past 12 months of working with Orion Automation Enterprises, Inc.

This article is the joint effort of Ms. Sam Zordich, partner in Orion, and Dick Williams of Reentry Services. Our purpose is to provide an example of how Reentry computerized their operations and their perceptions after 1 year, so that others who are interested in automating or enhancing their current equipment may get an idea of the process involved.

Why did you decide to automate? "I wasn't getting the kinds of information I wanted when I wanted it as quickly as I wanted it. I couldn't afford to hire the technical people that would have provided what I wanted, so I considered automating...for several years."

CAMP... Continued from page 1

children to lead independent lives.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

1. **Target Groups:** Those pregnant women who are due to deliver within four months from their supervised release date and will not be returning to the institution will be given priority. Those pregnant women who have a lengthier sentence and will be returning to the institution after delivery and bonding has occurred will also be considered based on the philosophy that bonding and some education in parenting abilities and independent living skills is better than none. These women will have liberal visitation with their children and ongoing support from institution staff upon their return to the prison.

2. **Criteria:** Women will be selected from the population at Shakopee prison on a case-by-case basis. A selection committee consisting of the institution's medical representative, the parenting director, and living unit staff will determine which women are appropriate for the program, subject to final approval by the director of programs and the superintendent. In making these decisions, this committee will be guided by factors such as the

"With 20/20 hindsight, I've accomplished more in a year than I then imagined possible. I now get more useful information in a shorter period of time. For example, I generate an annual budget and occasionally need to do forecasts and what ifs. What would have taken me hours to do, now takes a matter of 1/2 an hour."

What circumstances motivated you to make the move after several years of thinking? "Pure frustration. I got tired of waiting for prices to drop in the next 30 days. It was just time to start the process. I was tired of making more and more decisions with less and less information. As an agency expands, the variables become more and more complex."

Once you decided to automate, how did you begin? "I contacted a computer specialist because I did not know enough to research what I needed. I needed someone to reduce the mystery to simple language so that I could make a sound decision. With all the products I was aware of on the market, I knew there had to be more that I wasn't aware of, much less how to fit together all the pieces so that my invest-

ment had long-term value."

How did your staff respond? "In- positively, because I started the process with the attitude that it would be a great tool and fun. Their first introduction was playing black jack."

"The success of getting any system up and running is to do it quickly, competently, and get the employees up to speed as quickly as possible. If it's drawn out, the enthusiasm drops and your investment becomes a dinosaur that sits in someone's closet. I'm convinced that once you retain a legitimate consultant, if you can't get the project going in under 120 days, the process is doomed to failure."

How was it to learn the software? "Amazingly easy, but not if you do it yourself and try to decipher those d_____ manuals. If you want to be up and running and be productive, than budget the money to have some training. Two to four hours of training in any word processing software or spreadsheet software will give you the confidence to start using and learning the program."

Up and Running... Continued on page 7

women's medical needs, likelihood of success in community living, and the institution's security needs. The program is optional. The women will continue on institution custody. Volunteers and staff will be used to transport the women to and from MCF-Shakopee, Genesis II, and St. Paul Ramsey Hospital.

3. **Programming:** The parenting director will be the Project Manager and will coordinate necessary intake and exit procedures. Approximately one month prior to their scheduled delivery date, all women who are deemed appropriate candidates for the program will be transferred to Reentry Metro, a residential community facility for women offenders which has demonstrated its ability to effectively work with women offenders and their children. While residing at Reentry Metro, each mother will receive individual counseling and assistance in developing parenting skills by the Child Care Coordinator and other staff. Each woman will also be assigned a volunteer who will assist her in getting to her doctor appointments, and to other community resources which provide services to her or her baby.

Upon arrival at Reentry Metro, the

women will immediately be enrolled in the Genesis II day treatment program which has an unsurpassed reputation for intensive work with women offenders and a licensed day care center and parenting lab for the mothers and their children. At Genesis, the women will participate in Parent Education, Parenting Lab and the Independent Living Skills curriculum. After delivery, the mothers will have a brief "time out" for recovery from birthing and will then return to the Genesis II program. Therapeutic day care will be provided for the infant while the mother is in classroom instruction.

Genesis II and Reentry Metro will conduct regular, joint staffings concerning each pregnant mother to coordinate activities, goals and expectations. The mothers and their children will participate in the program for approximately four months, depending on the inmate's scheduled release date.

The State of Minnesota, Department of Corrections, will pay the per diem cost to Reentry Metro and Genesis II. ^{nen} woman's county of residence will be asked to pay for specific costs of infant care (food, clothing, medical needs, etc.).

and Running... Continued from page 6

What is an overall benefit you perceive in having a computer system? How has it changed your operations? "If you're people-oriented, the computer becomes your best friend because it lets you get the lousy paperwork out of the way so you can get to the people you're supposed to be serving. Case managers get out their discharge summaries in a fraction of the time using a computer. As a result, we have only one clerical person, an administrator who handles the paperwork for three locations, which allows us to hire more case workers, which in turn decreases the load and increases their effectiveness.

"Automating doesn't save you money, it costs you money to give you better information more quickly, to allow you to make sounder business decisions, and that's where you save the money — down the road. When you don't have to add another staff member and so on."

What have you accomplished over the past 12 months? "This may not sound

like much to someone who hasn't automated. Then again, the operations we automated account for more than three-quarters of what we were performing manually. We automated our financial statements, including accounts payable and payroll; billing; personnel files; developed budgeting and forecasting; devised amortization schedules for our properties; automated discharge summaries; implemented a basic data collection system to be augmented by the end of this year; implemented a program to track employee insurance costs and retirement funds; and converted all typing to word processing at each of the three locations."

"One tangible benefit I can think of right off hand is that the conversion of internalizing our financial statement will reduce our use of an outside accounting expert by \$4,000.00 a year."

What have been some pitfalls? "My inability to learn quickly enough to learn even more. The limitations of the software on the market for nonprofits, requiring custom programming. Of the little things

that are a nuisance, such as in Lotus 1-2-3 where you can't change a column width halfway down the page without it changing the entire column. Once you get these little things down, you're fine."

"Overall, there aren't any pitfalls. If you have the right hardware and software, given their minor limitations and you're given the training and basic use of that software, then their limitations are only those imposed by yourself in the time available to learn the refinements."

If you have additional questions for Dick Williams about his system, he would welcome your call at 292-1466. Or if you would like to begin the process for your own agency, please call Orion Automation Enterprises, Inc. at 823-9034 or 823-6843.

-Ms. Sam Zordich
-Richard Williams

Welfare... Continued from page 5

PATHS participants from March, 1988, to July, 1989. Because the success of the initial part of welfare reform hinges on recruitment of volunteer participants, a personalized participatory introduction to the program is crucial.

2. **Assessment:** The vocational assessment process in PATHS PLUS will include additional screening for underlying personal, family, or household barriers that often impede progress toward self-sufficiency. If significant barriers surface, Wilder Foundation staff will arrange for appropriate supplemental services.

3. **Supplemental Services:** Individuals who identify personal barriers that may impede their progress toward self-sufficiency will have three service options available to them:

Option #1: Self-Help. One-to-one support would be provided by trained volunteer befrienders visiting at least weekly to provide support and encouragement. Participants appropriate for and willing to participate in voluntary mutual help groups and associations would be matched with appropriate groups in the St. Paul area.

Option #2: Access to Multiple Human

Services. Specialized, time limited group counseling and educational programs would be available to participants with specific barriers. Examples of services available include: domestic abuse counseling, financial management, parenting groups, etc.

Option #3: Single Site. Families experiencing the most hopelessness, instability, and isolation would be encouraged to use multiple services at the single site of the Wilder Community Assistance Program. Individuals would be able to take advantage of personal and group counseling services, education, job training, and child care all at the same location.

4. The evaluation component of the PATHS PLUS welfare reform project would be carried out by the Wilder Research Center. Its chief aim is to assess what extent AFDC recipients advance toward self-sufficiency as a result of participating in the PATHS PLUS program.

The collaborating agencies expect to present available information about the outcomes of this project to the 1989 session of the Minnesota State Legislature. More complete data will be presented to both the 1991 and 1993 sessions of the Legislature and the results of the project

will be disseminated nationally.

Corrections clients who are also AFDC recipients may well be involved in PATHS programs. In Ramsey county, they may be involved in PATHS PLUS programs as well.

For more information, contact Rod Johnson at 221-0048.

- Rod Johnson

T.C. Live Features Women In Corrections

Minnesota Correctional Facility-Shakopee staff and inmates appeared on Twin Cities Live (WCCO TV) February 29, 1988 to present information about the women's prison. Topics covered were programming at the institution, the physical facility, the inmates' concerns at the facility and about returning to the community, and the impact of incarceration on the inmates' children.

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CLIFTON SERVICES, INC.

MCCA Elects New Officers

MCCA old and new Board members spent a day at Wilder Forest on March 16, 1988, to elect new officers, plan program goals and objective and assign committee responsibilities. The officers are:

Laura Sissala - President
Bruce Clendenen - Vice President
Anne McDiarmid - Secretary
Ray Ward - Treasurer

Goals include increasing membership and broadening its base, increasing involvement of the membership, improving services, training and resources, attending to current corrections issues and promoting and encouraging the level of community programming in Minnesota.

NOTICE

In our May/June 1987 newsletter, you received a phone directory of member organizations. We are now soliciting feedback from you to determine whether or not to continue to publish this directory. Please return this form to MCCA office as soon as possible.

Directory was Helpful Not Helpful

Comments:

If you did not receive the directory and wish to have one, please check here .

Happenings

A publication of the Minnesota
Community Corrections Association,
666 Marshall Ave., St. Paul, MN. 55104
292-1311

The opinions expressed in the Happenings are those of the contributing writers. Readers are encouraged to respond to the content of this newsletter and to write on topics of interest to its readers. The staff reserves the right to edit submitted articles. Copy deadline is the 15th of odd-numbered months.

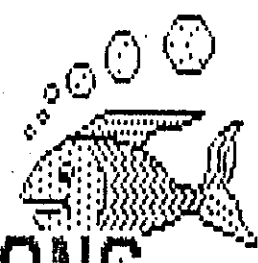
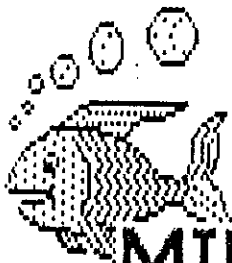
Members of the newsletter committee are:

Anne McDiarmid, Reentry Metro
Dale Fisher, Hennepin Co. Felony Probation
LeRoy Felder, Wilder CAP
Steve Savage, Reentry Ashland
Laura Ross, Genesis II For Women
Marge Jambor, Ramsey County Community Corrections
Tim Peterson, Ramsey County Community Corrections
Pete Batterman, Hennepin County Felony Probation
Barb Emer, 180 Degrees

MINNESOTA COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS ASSOCIATION
666 Marshall Avenue
St. Paul, MN. 55104

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5TH ANNUAL MINNESOTA CORRECTIONS CRAPPIE TOURNAMENT

SPONSORED BY:
MARTIN'S RESORT
EAST RUSH LAKE

WHERE?

MARTIN'S RESORT ON EAST RUSH LAKE (SEE MAP ON BACK)

WHEN?

FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1988

REGISTRATION AND SIGN IN WILL BE FROM 9:00AM TO 11:00AM

WEIGH IN WILL BE FROM 4:00PM TO 5:00PM

WHO?

THIS IS A PRIVATE TOURNAMENT FOR CORRECTIONS PEOPLE (COUNTY, STATE, FEDERAL, AND COMMUNITY) AND THEIR FAMILIES AND FRIENDS.

WHAT IS THE FEE?

\$5 PER PERSON FOR PRE-REGISTRATION (NO REFUNDS-WE FISH RAIN, SHINE, AND ???) REGISTRATION IS DUE BY 4-29-88. PRE-REGISTRATION IS STRONGLY ENCOURAGED. THE MORE PEOPLE THAT PRE-REGISTER THE MORE PRIZES WE CAN BUY. IF YOU DON'T PRE-REGISTER PLEASE FEEL FREE TO COME ANYWAY. THE REGISTRATION FEE WILL BE \$7 FOR THOSE REGISTERING ON THE DAY OF THE TOURNAMENT.

WHAT ARE THE PRIZES!!!

TYPE AND QUANTITY OF PRIZES WILL BE DETERMINED BY THE NUMBER OF ENTRANTS. THERE WILL BE PRIZES FOR:

*FIRST, SECOND, THIRD AND POSSIBLY FOURTH AND FIFTH LARGEST CRAPPIE. (ONE PRIZE PER ENTRANT)

*FIRST AND SECOND MOST CRAPPIES IN A BOAT (CASH PRIZE)

(THE NUMBER OF CRAPPIES WILL BE DIVIDED BY THE NUMBER OF FISHER(WOMEN IN THE BOAT.)

WE HOPE TO GIVE AWAY A DEPTH FINDER OR ELECTRIC TROLLING MOTOR, TACKLE BOXES, RODS AND REELS, MONEY, ETC.

WHAT IS THE TROPHY!!!

THERE WILL BE TRAVELING TROPHY FOR THE AGENCY OR GROUP WITH THE "BEST CATCH OF THE DAY", AS DETERMINED BY THE TOURNAMENT JUDGES. (THE TROPHY IS IN THE POSSESSION OF MCF-STILLWATER)

WHAT ARE THE RULES:

1. ALL MINNESOTA CONSERVATION LAWS WILL APPLY.
2. FISH MUST BE ENTERED BY 5:00PM TO QUALIFY FOR PRIZES.
3. YOU MUST BE PRESENT TO WIN DOOR PRIZES.
4. TIES WILL BE SETTLED BY THE FLIP OF A COIN.
5. YOU MUST SIGN IN WITH THE TOURNAMENT OFFICIALS PRIOR TO FISHING TO BE ELIGIBLE FOR PRIZES.
6. THE DECISION OF THE JUDGES WILL BE FINAL.

(SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR REGISTRATION FORM AND OTHER INFO.)

MAIL THIS ENTRY FORM ALONG WITH \$5.00 PER PERSON TO:

BILL GUELKER (CHECKS PAYABLE TO HIM)
1152 BENTON WAY
ARDEN HILLS, MN. 55112

NAME _____ PHONE _____

AGENCY _____

GENERAL INFORMATION

BOAT LAUNCHING: YOU CAN LAUNCH YOUR BOAT AT THE RESORT AT NO COST.

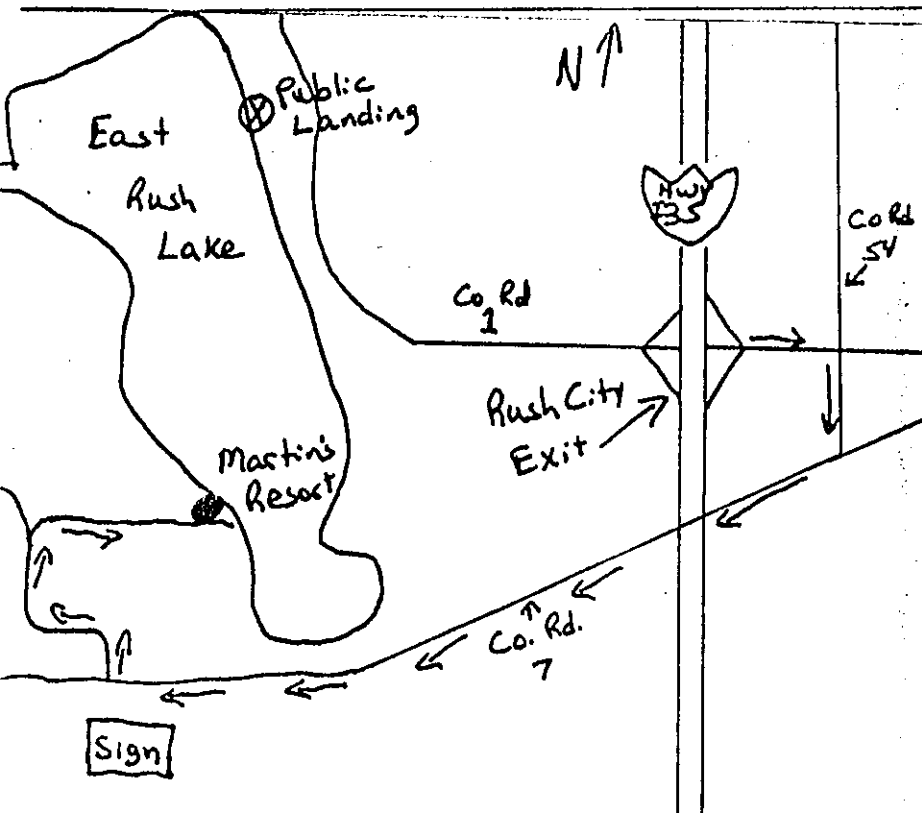
BAIT: WE WILL HAVE CRAPPIE MINNOWS AVAILABLE (NOMINAL COST).

CAMPING: IF YOU WANT TO CAMP AT THE RESORT EITHER NIGHT, CALL MARTIN'S AT 612-358-4917 FOR RESERVATIONS. THEY HAVE A LARGE CAMPGROUND.

PARTY!!!! MARTIN'S HAS A BAR LARGE ENOUGH TO ACCOMODATE ALL OF US. THEY SELL BEER AND LIQUOR BY THE DRINK. THEY ALSO SERVE FOOD. YOU CAN BY YOUR LUNCH AND SUPPER THERE. THEIR MENU INCLUDES BURGERS, FRIES, CHICKEN, ETC.

THERE WILL BE LIVE MUSIC IN THE BAR.

QUESTIONS????? IF YOU NEED MORE INFORMATION CALL: BILL GUELKER @ 642-0348
BRUCE CLENDENEN @ 227-6291



DIRECTIONS TO MARTIN'S RESORT:

- TAKE HWY 35 NORTH TO RUSH CITY EXIT
- AT TOP OF EXIT, TURN EAST
- GOING TOWARDS TOWN, TAKE THE FIRST ROAD TO THE RIGHT (CO.RD.54)
- TAKE 54 TO "T" AND TURN RIGHT ON CO. ROAD 7.
- GO ON CO RD 7 FOR ALMOST 3 MILES UNTIL YOU SEE THE SIGN FOR MARTIN'S RESORT.
- TURN NORTH ON DIRT ROAD AND FOLLOW IT FOR 1.5 MILES AND YOU WILL SEE THE RESORT TO YOUR RIGHT.